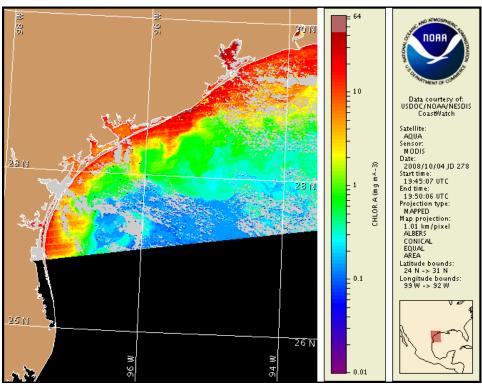


## Gulf of Mexico Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin

Region: Texas
7 October 2008
NOAA Ocean Service
NOAA Satellites and Information Service
NOAA National Weather Service
Last bulletin: September 30, 2008



Satellite chlorophyll image with possible HAB areas shown by red polygon(s). Cell concentration sampling data from September 27 to October 1 shown as red (high), orange (medium), yellow (low b), brown (low a), blue(very low b), purple (very low a), pink (present), and green (not present). For a list of cell count data providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HABFS bulletin guide:

http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/habfs\_bulletin\_guide.pdf

Please note the following restrictions on all SeaWiFS imagery derived from CoastWatch.

- Data are restricted to civil marine applications only; i.e. federal, state, and local government use/distribution is permitted.
- 2. Image products may be published in newspapers. Any other publishing arrangements must receive GeoEye approval via the CoastWatch Program.

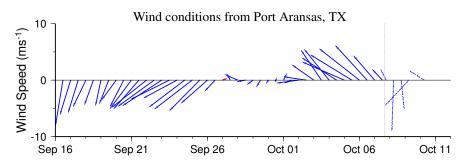
# **Conditions Report**

There are no reports of harmful algae at this time. No impacts are expected.

### Analysis

There is no indication of a toxic K. brevis bloom along the Texas coast at this time. Imagery indicates a large high chlorophyll feature along the entire Texas coast. This is most likely due resuspension and/or a bloom of non-harmful algae as a result of a long period of strong southeasterly winds (since Oct 3).

#### -Tomlinson

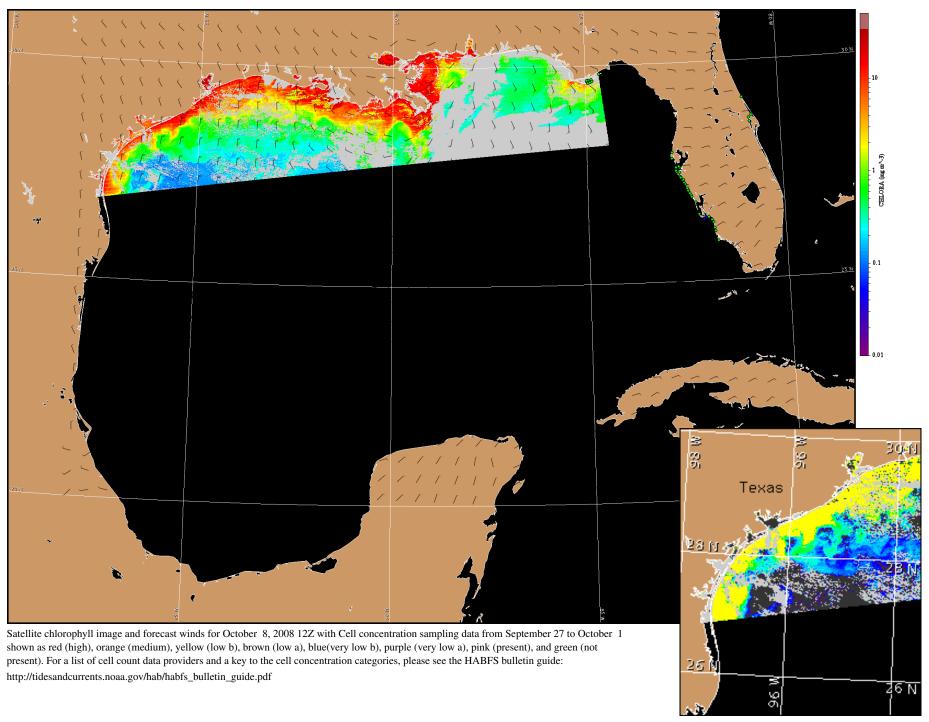


Wind speed and direction are averaged over 12 hours from buoy measurements. Length of line indicates speed; angle indicates direction. Red indicates that the wind direction favors upwelling near the coast. Values to the left of the dotted vertical line are measured values; values to the right are forecasts. Wind observation and forecast data provided by NOAA's National Weather Service (NWS).

### Wind Analysis

Southerly winds today are expected to shift to northerlies by Wednesday and then again to the southeast by Friday. Wind speeds are expected to decrease from 10-15 knots to 5-10 knots Thursday and Friday.

To see previous bulletins and forecasts for other Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin regions, visit the NOAA CoastWatch bulletin archive: http://coastwatch.noaa.gov/hab/bulletins\_ns.htm



Verified and suspected HAB areas shown in red. Other areas of high chlorophyll concentration shown in yellow (see p. 1 analysis for interpretation).